



Supporting Information

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High-throughput Screening for Methionyl-tRNA Synthetases that Enable  
Residue-specific Incorporation of Noncanonical Amino Acids into  
Recombinant Proteins in Bacterial Cells

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## Oligonucleotides used in this study

Out\_F: 5'-CTTTCGTCTTCACCTCGAG-3'

Out\_R: 5'-CTCCATTTTAGCTTCCTTAGCTC-3'

GFR\_M78\_F: 5'-CTTTGCGCGTTATCCGGATCATnnhAAACGGCATGACTTTTTCAAG-3'

GFP\_M78\_R: 5'-CTTGAAAAAGTCATGCCGTTTdnATGATCCGGATAACGCGCAAAG-3'

GFP\_M88\_F: 5'-GACTTTTTCAAGAGTGCCnnhCCCGAAGGTTATGTACAG-3'

GFP\_M88\_R: 5'-CTGTACATAACCTTCGGGdnnGGCACTCTTGAAAAAGTC-3'

GFP\_M218\_F: 5'-CAACGAAATGCGTGACCACnnhGTCCCTTCATGAGTTTGTAAC-3'

GFP\_M218\_R: 5'-GTTACAACTCATGAAGGACdnnGTGGTCACGCATTTTCGTTG-3'

GFP\_M233\_F: 5'-CTGCTGGGATTACACATGGCnnhGATGAGCTCTACAAATAGAAG-3'

GFP\_M233\_R: 5'-CTTCTATTTGTAGAGCTCATCdnnGCCATGTGTAATCCCAGCAG-3'

Lib\_OutF: 5'-CTTCCTGGCATCTTCCAGGAAATCTC-3'

Lib\_R: 5'-AGCGCCTTGAACGGATTCACTTTGTG-3'

MetRS\_L13\_F: 5'-CTGGTGACGTGCGCAnnkCCGTACGCTAACGGCTC-3'

MetRS\_L13\_R: 5'-GAGCCGTTAGCGTACGGmnnTGCGCACGTCACCAG-3'

MetRS\_Mid\_F: 5'-CTACGTCTGGCTGGACnnknkATTGGCnnkATGGGTTCTTTCAAG-3'

MetRS\_Mid\_R: 5'-CTTGAAAGAACCCATmnnGCCAATmnnmnnGTCCAGCCAGACGTAG-3'

MetRS\_H301\_F: 5'-GATATTGTTTACTTCnnkAGCCTGTTCTGGCCTG-3'

MetRS\_H301\_R: 5'-CAGGCCAGAACAGGCTmnnGAAGTAAACAATATC-3'

MetRS\_NheI\_F: 5'-TTCCGCgctagcTCTAGAGACGTCCGGCCGGAGCTC-3'

MetRS\_NheI\_R: 5'-TTTGGGgctagcTCTAGAGACGTCCGGCCGGGTAC-3'

MetRS\_SalI\_R: 5'-TTTGGGgtcgacTCTAGAGACGTCCGGCCGGGTAC-3'

MetRS\_N-terminal\_BamHI\_F: 5'-TTCCGCggatccATGACTCAAGTCGCGAAGAAAATTC-3'

MetRS\_N-terminal\_SalI\_R: 5'-TTTGGGgtcgacTCATTTAGAGGCTTCCACCAGTG-3'

### GFP library construction

Three PCR reactions were performed with PfuUltra™ High-Fidelity DNA Polymerase (Stratagene) using pQE-80L/L024\_3-3 as a template and the following pairs of primers: Out\_F and GFP\_M78\_R, GFP\_M78\_F and GFP\_M218\_R, and GFR\_M218\_F and Out\_R. The DNA fragments obtained from these PCR steps were purified on a 1.5 % agarose gel (QIAquick gel extraction kit, QIAgen). Equimolar quantities of the fragments were mixed and assembled by PCR, and the reaction mixture was purified using Zymo-spin columns (Zymo Research, Orange, CA). The PCR product was amplified using primers, Out\_F and Out\_R. In order to randomize positions 88 and 233, three PCR reactions were performed using the GFP gene (previously randomized at positions 78 and 218 with NNH codons) as a template and the following pairs of primers: Out\_F and GFP\_M88\_R, GFP\_M88\_F and GFP\_M233\_R, and GFP\_M233\_F and Out\_R. The DNA fragments were purified and assembled by PCR. The PCR fragment was digested with *Bam*HI and *Hind*III and ligated into pQE-80L digested with the same enzymes. A 5 µg portion of digested pQE-80L was used for the ligation; the molar ratio of insert to vector was 3. The ligation mixture was purified using Zymo-spin columns and transformed into electrocompetent *E. coli* DH10B cells, yielding more than 10<sup>7</sup> transformants.

### MetRS library construction

Four PCR reactions were performed using pMTY11 as template and the following pairs of primers: Out\_OutF and MetRS\_L13\_R, MetRS\_L13\_F and MetRS\_Mid\_R, MetRS\_Mid\_F and MetRS\_H301\_R, and MetRS\_Mid\_F and Lib\_R. The DNA fragments obtained from these PCR steps were purified on a 1.5 % agarose gel and assembled by PCR. The resulting PCR fragment was digested with *Not*I and *Bsr*GI and ligated into pMTY11 digested with the same enzymes. A 7 µg sample of digested pQE-80L was used for the ligation; the molar ratio of insert to vector was

3. The ligation mixture was purified using Zymo-spin columns and transformed into electrocompetent *E. coli* DH10B cells, yielding more than  $5 \times 10^8$  transformants. Plasmid DNA library was retransformed into cells of *E. coli* strain DH10B(Met<sup>r</sup>) bearing the reporter plasmid pQE-80L/GFP<sub>Prm</sub>\_AM.

### Amino acid activation assays

The expression plasmid for the mutant MetRS (pMTY21) was constructed by ligation between a *Bam*HI/*Sal*I fragment of pQE-80L and the mutant MetRS gene amplified from clone M02c\_2-8 using primers MetRS\_N-terminal\_*Bam*HI\_F and MetRS\_N-terminal\_*Sal*I\_R. The form of MetRS truncated at position 548 was used in these experiments. *E. coli* strain DH10B transformed with pMTY21 was grown at 37°C to OD<sub>600</sub> = 1 in 1 L of 2xYT medium. After induction with 1 mM IPTG, cells were further grown at 25°C overnight. The cells were harvested by centrifugation (6,000 x *g* for 15 min). The mutant MetRS was purified using Ni-NTA chromatography under native conditions according to the manufacturer's instructions. The column eluent was buffer-exchanged with 100 mM Tris buffer (pH 7.5) containing 2 mM DTT by using PD-10 columns (GE Healthcare). The protein solution was mixed with an equal volume of glycerol and frozen at -80°C until needed. The protein concentration was determined by measuring absorbance at 280 nm, assuming an extinction coefficient of the mutant MetRS of 93280 M<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>-1</sup>. Activation assays were carried out as described (K. L. Kiick, R. Weberskirch, D. A. Tirrell, *FEBS Lett.* **2001**, 502, 25-30). The analog concentrations tested ranged from 312.5 μM to 10 mM, and the mutant MetRS was added to reactions at a concentration of 100 nM for Met and 400 nM for Tfn. Data were fit to the Michaelis–Menten model by using Origin software (Origin Lab).

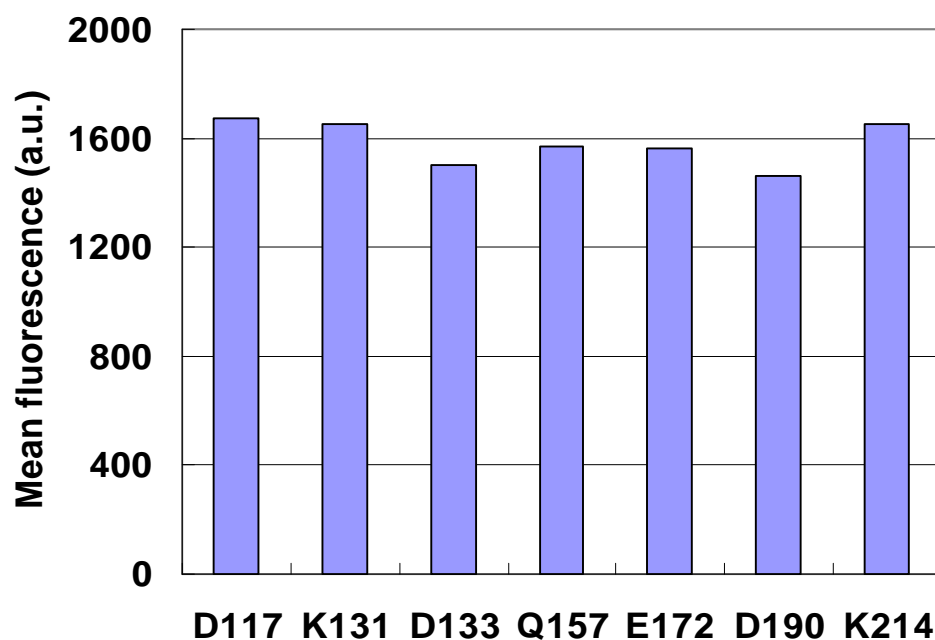


Figure S1. Fluorescence of cells expressing GFPm libraries in which the indicated position was randomized using an NNK codon. Mean cell fluorescence was measured on a cell sorter equipped with an argon ion laser emitting at 488 nm and a 530/40 bandpass filter.

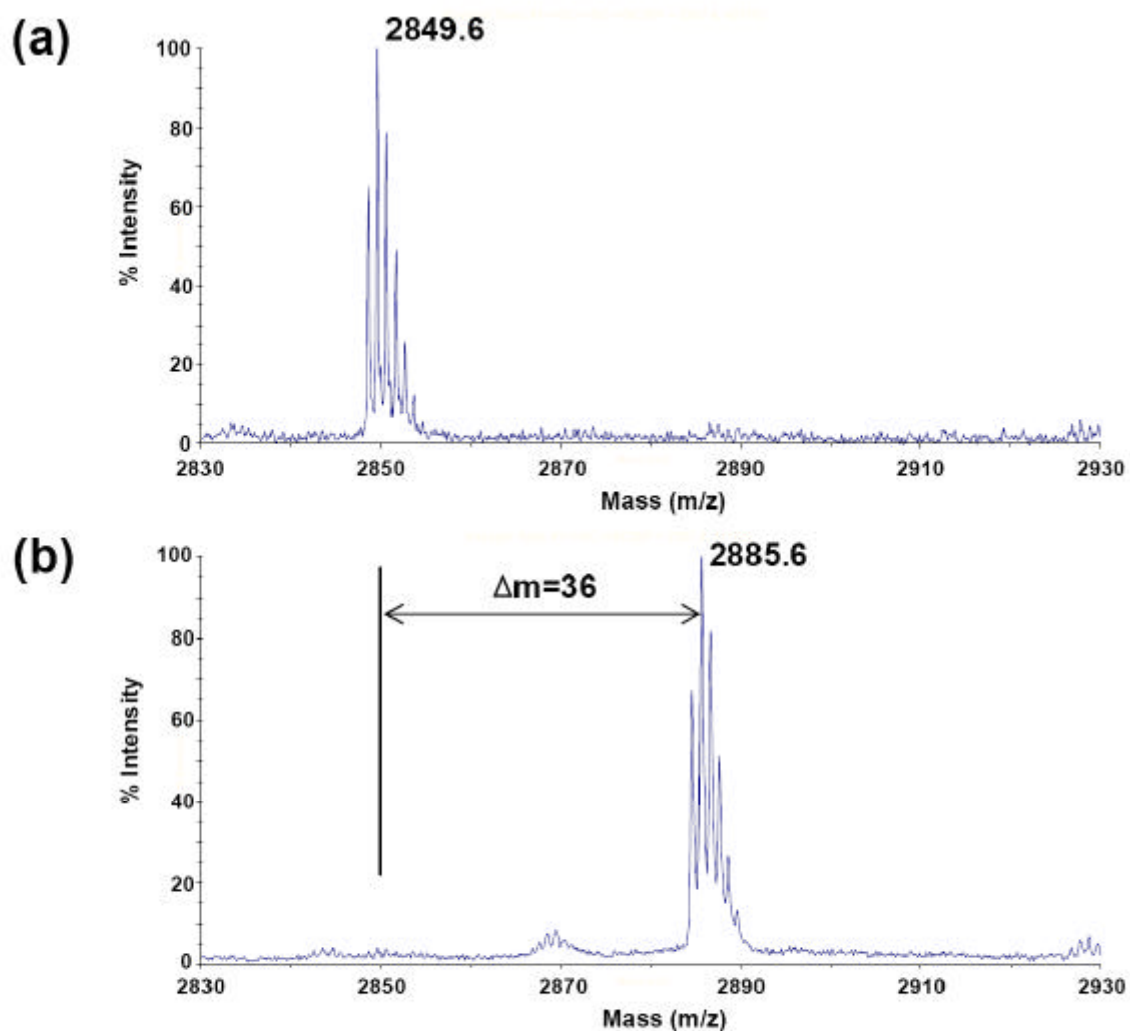


Figure S2. MALDI-MS analysis of GFP<sub>rm</sub>\_AM after trypsin digestion. The protein was expressed with 20 amino acids (a) or 19 amino acids plus 2 mM Tfn (b), and purified under denaturing conditions. A peptide fragment of sequence HNVMDGSVQLADHYQQNTPIGDGPVR (2849.087 Da) yields the spectra shown. Replacement of Met by Tfn results in a 36 amu mass increase.

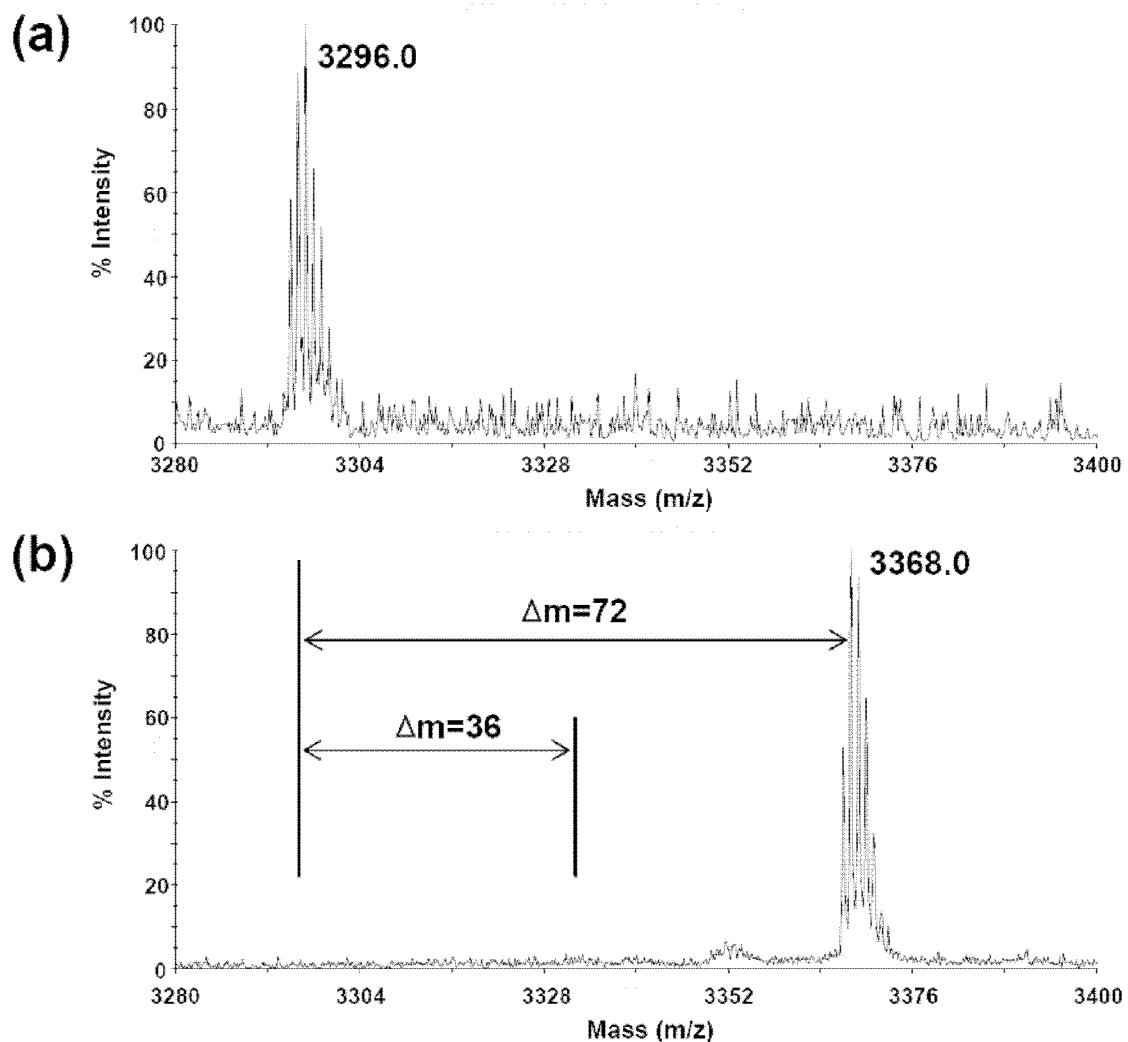


Figure S3. MALDI-MS analysis of mDHFR after trypsin digestion. The protein was expressed with 20 amino acids (a) or 19 amino acids plus 2 mM Tfn (b), and purified under denaturing conditions. A peptide fragment of sequence GSHHHHHHGSGIMVRPLNSIVAVSQNMIGIK (3295.750 Da) yields the spectra shown. Replacement of Met by Tfn results in a 36 amu mass increase.



Table S1. Amino acid sequences of wild-type GFP (WT GFP), L024\_3-3, GFP<sub>rm</sub>, and GFP<sub>rm</sub>\_AM<sup>[a]</sup>

	5	10	15	20	25	30
WT GFP	M S K G E E L F T G V V P I L V E L D G D V N G H K F S V S					
L024_3-3						R
GFP <sub>rm</sub>						R
GFP <sub>rm</sub> _AM						R
	35	40	45	50	55	60
WT GFP	G E G E G D A T Y G K L T L K F I C T T G K L P V P W P T L					
L024_3-3			I	L		
GFP <sub>rm</sub>			I	L		
GFP <sub>rm</sub> _AM			I	L		
	65	70	75	80	85	90
WT GFP	V T T F S Y G V Q C F S R Y P D H M K Q H D F F K S A M P E					
L024_3-3	C G		A	R		
GFP <sub>rm</sub>	C G		A	L R		F
GFP <sub>rm</sub> _AM	C G		A	L R		F
	95	100	105	110	115	120
WT GFP	G Y V Q E R T I F F K D D G N Y K T R A E V K F E G D T L V					
L024_3-3		S	K F			I
GFP <sub>rm</sub>		S	K F			I
GFP <sub>rm</sub> _AM		S	K F		M	I
	125	130	135	140	145	150
WT GFP	N R I E L K G I D F K E D G N I L G H K L E Y N Y N S H N V					
L024_3-3	K					D
GFP <sub>rm</sub>	K					D
GFP <sub>rm</sub> _AM	K	M				D

	155	160	165	170	175	180
WT GFP	Y I M A D K Q K N G I K V N F K I R H N I E D G S V Q L A D					
L024_3-3	T	T	A	V		
GFP <sub>rm</sub>	T	T	A	V		
GFP <sub>rm</sub> _AM	T	M T	A	V M		

	185	190	195	200	205	210
WT GFP	H Y Q Q N T P I G D G P V L L P D N H Y L S T Q S A L S K D					
L024_3-3			R	L	V I	
GFP <sub>rm</sub>			R	L	V I	
GFP <sub>rm</sub> _AM			R	L	V I	

	215	220	225	230	235	238
WT GFP	P N E K R D H M V L L E F V T A A G I T H G M D E L Y K					
L024_3-3		H				
GFP <sub>rm</sub>		A H		I		
GFP <sub>rm</sub> _AM	M	A H		I		

[a] A hexahistidine tag of sequence MRGSHHHHHHGS was appended to the N-terminus of each protein to enable purification by Ni-NTA chromatography.

Table S2. Sequence changes of 10 randomly selected clones from M02c\_2. The single letters in parentheses represent the encoded amino acid.

WT	L13	A256	P257	Y260	H301
	CAG	GCA	CCG	TAC	CAC
1	TCT (S)	GCG (A)	CCG (P)	TTG (L)	CTG (L)
2	AGT (S)	GCG (A)	CCG (P)	CTG (L)	CTT (L)
3	TCG (S)	GCG (A)	CCT (P)	CTT (L)	CTG (L)
4	AGT (S)	GCT (A)	CCT (P)	CTT (L)	CTG (L)
5	TCG (S)	GCT (A)	CCG (P)	CTT (L)	CTT (L)
6	TCT (S)	GCG (A)	CCT (P)	TTG (L)	CTG (L)
7	GCG (A)	GCG (A)	CCG (P)	CTT (L)	CTG (L)
8	AGT (S)	GCG (A)	CCG (P)	CTG (L)	CTT (L)
9	AGT (S)	GCA (A) <sup>[a]</sup>	CCG (P)	TTG (L)	TTG (L)
10	AGT (S)	GCT (A)	CCT (P)	CTG (L)	TTG (L)

[a] GCA codon for A256 of clone 9 might come from errors in synthesis of oligonucleotides.

Table S3. Kinetic parameters for activation of Met and Tfn by the M02c\_2-8 MetRS variant.

Amino acid	$k_{cat}$ , s <sup>-1</sup>	$K_m$ , $\mu$ M	$k_{cat}/K_m$ , $\mu$ M <sup>-1</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>
Met	$10.90 \pm 0.24$	$5313 \pm 109$	$2.1 \times 10^{-3}$
Tfn	$3.85 \pm 0.92$	$13233 \pm 1789$	$2.9 \times 10^{-4}$